# SHORT COMMUNICATION

Contributions intended for publication under this heading should be expressly so marked; they should not exceed about 1000 words; they should be forwarded in the usual way to the appropriate Co-editor; they will be published as speedily as possible.

Acta Cryst. (1989). C45, 980

Structure of oxonium pentafluorozirconate dihydrate. Corrigendum. By Richard E. Marsh,\* A. A. Noyes Laboratory of Chemical Physics, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California 91125, USA

(Received 6 December 1988; accepted 16 December 1988)

## Abstract

The structure of this compound, ZrF<sub>5</sub>-.H<sub>3</sub>O<sup>+</sup>.2H<sub>2</sub>O, was described [Charpin, Lance, Nierlich, Vigner & Lambard (1988). Acta Cryst. C44, 1698-1701] as monoclinic, space group C2, with a = 10.171 (9), b = 6.603 (1), c = 18.156 (10) Å,  $\beta = 106.29$  (7)°, Z = 8. It is properly described as orthorhombic, space group Fdd2, with a' = 10.171, b' = 34.854, c' = 6.603 Å, Z = 16. Deviations from the centrosymmetric space group Fddd are small.

The vectors defining the new cell edges are [100], [102] and  $[0\overline{1}0]$ . When the F(obs.) values, obtained from SUP 51026, were averaged according to Laue symmetry mmm, the R index between pairs of equivalent reflections was 0.040 for 447 such pairs (' $R_{av}$ ' = 0.020). The total number of resulting reflections was 530, of which seven of the very weakest violated the extinction conditions of Fdd2; these seven obviously lay close to the  $I < 3\sigma(I)$  cut-off (Charpin *et al.*, 1988). After atom coordinates were transformed according to the relationships x' = x - z/2, y' = z/2, z' = -y and averaged over equivalent atoms, refinement in Fdd2 led to a final R = 0.035, compared to the R of 0.045 reported 'y Charpin et al. (1988). Final coordinates are given in Table 1.† The resulting bond lengths and angles are little changed from the earlier values. Difference maps at the end of the refinement provided no clues as to the positions of H atoms, as also noted earlier.

\* Contribution No. 7892 from the A. A. Noyes Laboratory.

† Tables of structure factors and  $U_{ij}$ 's have been deposited with the British Library Document Supply Centre as Supplementary Publication No. SUP 51684 (4 pp.). Copies may be obtained through The Executive Secretary, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England.

0108-2701/89/060980-01\$03.00

### Table 1. Coordinates, space group Fdd2.

## x, y, z and $U_{eq} \times 10^4$ .

	x	у	z	$U_{eq}^{\dagger}(\dot{\mathbf{A}}^2)$
Zr	1794 (0.8)	-5 (0.5)	0	79 (2)
F(10,20)	1474 (20)	-17 (3)	-3063 (24)	175 (35)
F(11,23)	2368 (10)	552 (4)	-195 (30)	199 (38)
F(12,21)	2359 (10)	-543 (4)	139 (29)	207 (32)
F(13,22)	-4 (12)	337 (1)	20 (35)	156 (12)
F(14,24)	3670 (18)	-21 (2)	-1922 (25)	107 (28)
O(11,21)	3 (16)	711 (2)	-5370 (27)	301 (28)
O(12,22)	4033 (11)	1179 (3)	-4796 (25)	402 (26)
O(13,23)	5855 (11)	1034 (3)	-7195 (22)	348 (25)
	•			

 $\dagger U_{eq} = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{i} \sum_{j} [U_{ij}(a_i^* a_j^*)(\mathbf{a}_i \cdot \mathbf{a}_j)].$ 

A somewhat surprising difference between the Fdd2 results and those reported in the C2 description is in the e.s.d.'s, some of which are larger in Fdd2 despite the fewer number of parameters and the better agreement. I suspect that these differences are the result of large correlations, since the structure nearly conforms to the centrosymmetric space group Fddd. Indeed, block-matrix refinement (each set of atom coordinates or of  $U_{ij}$ 's constituting a block) led to effectively the same e.s.d.'s as reported by Charpin et al. (1988) (who, however, reported 'full-matrix' refinement). Refinement in *Fddd* led to an *R* of 0.062, but the intensities of 28 reflections which violate the additional extinction condition are unexplained and the O atoms (but not Zr or F) must either be disordered or have highly anisotropic  $U_{ii}$ values. There can be little doubt that Fdd2 is the most appropriate space group.

#### Reference

CHARPIN, P., LANCE, M., NIERLICH, M., VIGNER, J. & LAMBARD, J. (1988). Acta Cryst. C44, 1698-1701.

© 1989 International Union of Crystallography